SRI DEVARAJ URS ACADEMY OF HIGHER EDUCATION & RESEARCH

(A DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY)

M.B.B.S. PHASE - II Degree Examination – January-2017

Time : 3 Hrs.

PHARMACOLOGY-PAPER I O.P Code : RS-111

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked. Draw neat labeled diagrams wherever necessary.

LONG ESSAY (Answer any Two)

- 1. Explain ten factors modifying drug effects with examples.
- 2. Classify neuromuscular blocking agents? What are the pharmacological actions of competitive neuromuscular blocker and what are their therapeutic uses?
- 3. Define and classify diuretic agents? What is the mechanism of action and therapeutic uses of loop diuretics?.

<u>SHORT ESSAY</u> (Answer any Ten)

- 4. Mention the differences between tachyphylaxis and tolerance.
- 5. Treatment of succinyl choline apnoea.
- 6. Treatment of manic episodes of bipolar disorder.
- 7. Describe the clinically significant interaction of warfarin sodium.
- 8. Describe the treatment of hypovolemic shock. Explain why dopamine is preferred.
- 9. What is hyperbaric lignocaine and how it is prepared? Mention its uses.
- 10. Describe the treatment of drug induced parkinson's disease?
- Enumerate the drugs useful in the treatment of paroxysmal supraventricular tachycardia? Mention the mechanism of action and limitations of each drug.
- 12. Describe the differences between strepto kinase and tenetaplace.
- 13. Describe the treatment of acute iron poisoning.
- 14. Enumerate anxiolytic agents? Mention their mechanism of action.
- 15. Describe the role of fomepizole in treatment of methanol poisoning.

SHORT ANSWERS (No choices)

- 16. Name drugs used by nasal route for systemic effect.
- 17. Explain why sudden withdrawal of certain drugs is avoided? Give two examples.
- 18. Mention the conditions where atropine is used as an antidote.
- 19. Nitrates and sildenafil are not administered concurrently why?
- 20. Name three beta blockers useful for the treatment of congestive cardiac failure.
- 21. Explain why captopril but not the enalapril is useful for emergency control of hypertension.
- 22. Name two most important uses acetazolamide currently.
- 23. Name three fibrionlytic agents.
- 24. Explain why thiopentone sodium has ultra short action.
- 25. Mention the peculiarity of midazolam and its clinical uses.

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10 X 3 = 30 Marks

10 X 5 = 50 Marks

2 X 10 = 20 Marks

[Max. Marks : 100]

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M.B.B.S. PHASE - II Degree Examination – January-2017

[Max. Marks : 100]

Time : 3 Hrs.

PHARMACOLOGY-PAPER II Q.P Code : RS-112

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked. Draw neat labeled diagrams wherever necessary.

LONG ESSAY (Answer any Two)

- 1. Classify drugs used in treatment of bronchial asthma? Describe the mechanism of action and role of leukotriene inhibitors in bronchial asthma? Write a note on status asthamaticus.
- 2. Classify beta lactam antibacterial agents. Give examples of extended spectrum pencillins and their clinical uses and adverse effects.
- 3. Classify antithyroid drugs. What is the mechanism of action, therapeutic uses and adverse effects of propylthiouracil.

<u>SHORT ESSAY</u> (Answer any Ten)

- 4. What is yuzpee method of contraception and describe briefly.
- 5. Describe insulin analogues (designer insulin's). what are the examples and advantages of insulin glargine.
- 6. Name three uterine relaxants from different groups and mention the advantages and disadvantages of each agent.
- 7. Define keratolytic agent. Give examples of keratolytic agents and their indication.
- 8. What is the mechanism of action of pencillamine. What are the therapeutic uses and adverse effects of pencillamine.
- 9. What is the mechanism of action of Ivermectin. Describe its clinical uses.
- 10. Highly active anriretroviral therapy.
- 11. What is sequential blockade? What are the therapeutic uses of sulfonamide.
- 12. What is Jarish-Herxheimer reaction and how it is managed.
- 13. Urinary antiseptics.
- 14. Bisphosphonates.
- 15. Carbapenams.

<u>SHORT ANSWERS</u> (No choices)

- 16. Name two antifolates used for malaria. Mention the clinical status of each.
- 17. Name the fluoroquinolones indicated for resistance cases for pulmonary tuberculosis.
- 18. Name two corticosteroids which are prodrugs. Name two drugs used for postpartum haemorrhage.
- 19. Name two antiemetic drugs with prokinetic action. Mention one clinically relevant differences between them.
- 20. Name two topically used anthistamines for allergic conjunctivitis.
- 21. Name two drugs used as sunscreen.
- 22. Name five groups of drugs which are highly teratogenic.
- 23. Name two inert gases used clinically. Describe briefly two clinical uses of each.
- 24. Name two drugs which should not be mixed with normal saline.
- 25. Post prandial regulators.

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10 X 3 = 30 Marks

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 $2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ Marks}$

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M.B.B.S. PHASE - II Degree Examination – January-2017

Time : 3 Hrs.

PHARMACOLOGY-PAPER I

Q.P Code : SDUU-111

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked. Draw neat labeled diagrams wherever necessary.

LONG ESSAY

2 X 10 = 20 Marks

[Max. Marks : 100]

- 1. Describe various factors modifying drug action in the body.
- 2. Briefly describe the management of a patient suffering from myocardial infarction.

SHORT ESSAY

- 3. Uses of potassium sparing diuretics.
- 4. Methadone is used in opioid dependence. Explain?
- 5. Drug interactions with oral anticoagulants.
- 6. Management of status epileptics.
- 7. Uses of anticholinesterase agents.
- 8. Management of digoxin toxicity.
- 9. Adverse effects of phenytoin sodium.
- 10. Management of chronic simple glaucoma.
- 11. Non –cardiovascular uses of beta blockers.
- 12. Nasal decongestants.

SHORT ANSWERS

- 13. Explain the basis for short duration of action of I.V. Thiopentone sodium.
- 14. Merits and demerits of inhalational route of administration of drugs.
- 15. Management of Organophosphorus poisoning.
- 16. Adverse effects and absolute contra indications of Angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitors
- 17. Rationale for combining ezitimibe with atorvastatin.
- 18. Propranalol should not be uses alone in pheochromocytoma.
- 19. Side effects of adenosine.
- 20. Imipramine used in nocturnal enuresis.
- 21. Explain succinyl choline apnea.
- 22. Action of amiadarone on the heart.

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10 X 3 = 30 Marks

10 X 5 = 50 Marks

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M.B.B.S. PHASE - II Degree Examination – January-2017

Time : 3 Hrs.

PHARMACOLOGY-PAPER-II

Q.P Code : SDUU-112

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked. Draw neat labeled diagrams wherever necessary.

LONG ESSAY

2 X 10 = 20 Marks

- 1. Enumerate semi-synthetic penicillins. Explain mode of action, therapeutic uses and adverse effects of penicillin-G.
- 2. Management of diabetic ketoacidosis.

SHORT ESSAY

- 3. Uses and adverse effects of metronidazole.
- 4. Selective estrogen receptor modulators.
- 5. Methotrexate.
- 6. Triple drug therapy in peptic ulcer.
- 7. Disease modifying anti rheumatoids drugs.
- 8. Amelioration of four toxicities of anti-cancer drugs.
- 9. Anti tussives.
- 10. Drug therapy of acute gout.
- 11. Three agents used for passive immunization and indication of each agent.
- 12. Three triptans and their role in therapeuitics.

SHORT ANSWERS

10 X 3 = 30 Marks

- 13. What is sequential blockade. Explain with example.
- 14. Explain two methods of hormonal contraception.
- 15. Mention four drugs used in candidiasis.
- 16. Enlist four therapeutic uses of promethazine.
- 17. Mention two adverse effects and two uses of omeprazole.
- 18. Glucocorticoids should not be stopped abruptly after long term use.
- 19. Enumerate two immunosuppressants. Explain the mode of action of any one...
- 20. Mention two uses and two adverse effects of D-Penicillamine.
- 21. Enlist four therapeutic uses of rifampicine.
- 22. Explain drug preferred for constipation during pregnancy and for a patient who has to undergo radiography.

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10 X 5 = 50 Marks

[Max. Marks : 100]